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**651.1050 Appendix 10A—Blank  
worksheets**



# Worksheet 10A-1—Waste storage structure capacity design

Decisionmaker: _____	Date: _____
Site: _____	
<b>Animal units</b>	
1. Animal type _____	3. Number of animals (N) _____
2. Animal weight, lbs (W) _____	4. Animal units, $AU = \frac{W \times N}{1000} =$ _____
<b>Manure volume</b>	
5. Daily volume of daily manure production per AU, ft <sup>3</sup> /AU/day (DVM)= _____	7. Total volume of manure production for animal type for storage period, ft <sup>3</sup> VMD = AU x DVM x D = _____
6. Storage period, days (D) = _____	8. Total manure production for storage period, ft <sup>3</sup> (TVM) _____
<b>Wastewater volume</b>	
9. Daily wastewater volume per AU, ft <sup>3</sup> /AU/day (DWW) = _____	11. Total wastewater volume for storage period, ft <sup>3</sup> (TWW) _____
10. Total wastewater volume for animal description for storage period, ft <sup>3</sup> WWD = DWW x AU x D = _____	
<b>Bedding volume</b>	
12. Amount of bedding used daily for animal type, lbs/AU/day (WB) = _____	14. Bedding volume for animal type for storage period, ft <sup>3</sup> BV = _____
13. Bedding unit weight, lbs/ft <sup>3</sup> (BUW) = _____	$VBD = \frac{0.5 \times WB \times AU \times D}{BUW}$
	15. Total bedding volume for storage period, ft <sup>3</sup> (TBV) = _____
<b>Minimum waste storage volume requirement</b>	
16. Waste storage volume, ft <sup>3</sup> (WV) = TVM + TWW + TBV = _____ + _____ + _____ = _____	
<b>Waste stacking structure sizing</b>	
17. Structure length, ft $L = \frac{WV}{WI \times H} =$ _____	19. Structure height, ft $H = \frac{WV}{L \times WI} =$ _____
18. Structure width, ft $WI = \frac{WV}{L \times H} =$ _____	
Notes for waste stacking structure:	
<i>1. The volume determined (WV) does not include any volume for freeboard. It is recommended that a minimum of 1 foot of freeboard be provided for a waste stacking structure.</i>	<i>2. The equations for L, WI, and H assume manure is stacked to average height equal to the sidewall height. Available storage volume must be adjusted to account for these types of variations.</i>
<b>Tank sizing</b>	
20. Effective depth, ft. (EH) Total height (or depth) of tank desired, ft (H)----- Less precipitation for storage period, ft. ---- - (uncovered tanks only) Less depth allowance for accumulated solids, ft - (0.5 ft. minimum) Less depth for freeboard (0.5 ft. recommended), ft -  Effective depth, ft (EH) = _____	22. Rectangular tank dimensions Total height, ft (H) = _____ Selected width, ft (WI) = _____  Length, ft $L = \frac{SA}{WI} =$ _____
21. Surface area required, ft <sup>2</sup> $SA = \frac{WV}{EH} =$ _____	23. Circular tank dimensions Total height, ft H = _____  Diameter, ft DIA = $(1.273 \times SA)^{0.5} =$ _____
	<i>Notes for waste storage tank structure: 1. Final dimensions may be rounded up to whole numbers or to use increments on standard drawings. 2. Trial and error may be required to establish appropriate dimensions.</i>

# Worksheet 10A-2—Waste storage pond design

Decisionmaker: _____	Date: _____							
Site: _____								
<b>Animal units</b>								
1. Animal type _____	3. Number of animals (N) _____							
2. Animal weight, lbs (W) _____	4. Animal units, $AU = \frac{W \times N}{1000} =$ _____							
<b>Manure volume</b>								
5. Daily volume of manure production per AU, ft <sup>3</sup> /AU/day (DVM)= _____	7. Total volume of manure production for animal type for storage period, ft <sup>3</sup> VMD = AU x DVM x D = _____							
6. Storage period, days (D) = _____	8. Total manure production for storage period, ft <sup>3</sup> (TVM) _____							
<b>Wastewater volume</b>								
9. Daily wastewater volume per AU, ft <sup>3</sup> /AU/day (DWW) = _____	11. Total wastewater volume for storage period, ft <sup>3</sup> (TWW) _____							
10. Total wastewater volume for animal description for storage period, ft <sup>3</sup> WWD = DWW x AU x D = _____								
<b>Clean water volume</b>	<b>Runoff volume</b>							
12. Clean water added during storage period, ft <sup>3</sup> (CW) _____	13. Runoff volume, ft <sup>3</sup> (ROV) (attach documentation) _____ Includes the volume of runoff from the drainage area due to normal runoff for the storage period and the runoff volume from the 25-year, 24-hour storm.							
<b>Solids accumulation</b>								
14. Volume of solids accumulation, ft <sup>3</sup> (VSA) _____								
<b>Minimum waste storage volume requirement</b>								
15. Waste storage volume, ft <sup>3</sup> (WSV) = TVM + TWW + CW + ROV + VSA = _____ + _____ + _____ + _____ + _____ = _____								
<b>Pond sizing</b>								
16. Sizing by trial and error								
Side slope ratio, (Z) = _____ V must be equal to or greater than WSV = _____ ft <sup>3</sup>								
Rectangular pond,	Circular pond,							
$V = \left( \frac{4 \times Z^2 \times d^3}{3} \right) + (Z \times BL \times d^2) + (Z \times BW \times d^2) + (BW \times BL \times d)$								
$V = (1.05 \times Z^2 \times d^3) + (1.57 \times W \times Z \times d^2) + (0.79 \times W^2 \times d)$								
Trial no.	Bottom width ft (BW)	Bottom length ft (BL)	Depth* ft (d)	Volume ft <sup>3</sup> (V)	Trial no.	Bottom diameter (DIA)	Depth* ft (d)	Volume ft <sup>3</sup> (V)
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
* Depth must be adjusted in Step 17.								
<b>Depth adjustment</b>								
17. Depth adjustment								
Depth, ft (d) _____								
Add depth of precipitation less evaporation _____ (For the storage period)				Add for freeboard (1.0 foot minimum) + _____				
Add depth of 25-year, 24-hour storm _____				Final depth _____				

## Worksheet 10A-3—Anaerobic lagoon design

Decisionmaker: _____	Date: _____
Site: _____	
<b>Animal units</b>	
1. Animal type _____	3. Number of animals (N) _____
2. Animal weight, lbs (W) _____	4. Animal units, $AU = \frac{W \times N}{1000} =$ _____
<b>Manure volume</b>	
5. Daily volume of daily manure production per AU, $ft^3/AU/day$ (DVM) = _____	7. Total volume of manure production for animal type for treatment period, $ft^3$ $VMD = AU \times DVM \times D =$ _____
6. Treatment period, days (D) = _____	8. Total manure production for treatment period, $ft^3$ (TVM) = _____
<b>Wastewater volume</b>	
9. Daily wastewater volume per AU, $ft^3/AU/day$ (DWW) = _____	11. Total wastewater volume for treatment period, $ft^3$ (TWW) = _____
10. Total wastewater volume for animal description for treatment period, $ft^3$ $WWD = DWW \times AU \times D =$ _____	
<b>Clean water volume</b>	
12. Clean water added during treatment period, $ft^3$ (CW) = _____	
<b>Waste volume</b>	
13. Waste volume for treatment period, $ft^3$ $WV = TVM + TWW + CW =$ _____ + _____ + _____ = _____	
<b>Manure total solids</b>	
14. Daily manure total solids production, lbs/AU/day (MTS) = _____	16. Total manure total solids production, lbs/day (TMTS) = _____
15. Daily manure total solids production for animal type, lbs/day $MTSD = MTS \times AU =$ _____	
<b>Manure volatile solids</b>	
17. Daily manure volatile solids production per AU, lbs/AU/day (MVS) = _____	
18. Daily manure volatile solids production for animal type per day, lbs/day $MVSD = AU \times MVS =$ _____	
19. Total manure volatile solids production, lbs/day (TMVS) = _____	
<b>Wastewater volatile solids</b>	
20. Daily wastewater volatile solids production, lbs/1000 gal (DWVS) = _____	
21. Total wastewater volatile solids production for animal type, lbs/day $WVSD = \frac{DWVS \times DWW \times 7.48}{D \times 1,000} =$ _____	
22. Total wastewater volatile solids production, lbs/day (TWVS) = _____	
<b>Total volatile solids (manure and wastewater)</b>	
23. Total daily volatile solids production, lbs/day $TVS = TMVS + TWVS =$ _____ + _____ = _____	
<b>Minimum treatment volume</b>	
24. Selected lagoon VS loading rate, lbs VS/1,000 $ft^3$ (VSLR) = _____	25. Minimum treatment volume, $ft^3$ $MTV = \frac{TVS \times 1000}{VSLR} = \frac{( ) \times 1000}{( )} =$ _____
<b>Sludge volume requirement</b>	
26. Sludge accumulation ratio, $ft^3/lb$ TS (SAR) = _____	28. Sludge volume requirement, $ft^3$ $SV = 365 \times TMTS \times T \times SAR$
27. Sludge accumulation period, years (T) = _____	= $365 \times ( ) ( ) ( ) =$ _____
<b>Minimum lagoon volume requirement</b>	
29. Minimum lagoon volume requirements, $ft^3$ $(MLVR) = MTV + SV + WV =$ _____ + _____ + _____ = _____	

**Worksheet 10A-3—Anaerobic lagoon design—Continued**

**Lagoon sizing**

30. Sizing by trial and error 
$$V = \frac{(4 \times Z^2 \times d^3)}{3} + (Z \times BL \times d^2) + (Z \times BW \times d^2) + (BW \times BL \times d)$$

Side slope ratio, (Z) = \_\_\_\_\_

V must be equal to or greater than MLVR = \_\_\_\_\_ ft<sup>3</sup>

Trial no.	Bottom width ft (BW)	Bottom length ft (BL)	Depth* ft (d)	Volume ft <sup>3</sup> (V)
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

\* Depth must be adjusted in Step 31.

**Depth adjustment**

31. Depth adjustment

Depth, ft (d) \_\_\_\_\_

Add depth of precipitation less evaporation on lagoon surface \_\_\_\_\_+  
(for the treatment period)

Add depth of 25-year, 24-hour storm \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_

Add for freeboard (1.0 foot minimum) \_\_\_\_\_+ \_\_\_\_\_

Final depth \_\_\_\_\_

32. Compute total volume using final depth, ft<sup>3</sup> (use equation in step 30) \_\_\_\_\_

## Worksheet 10A-4—Aerobic lagoon design

Decisionmaker: _____	Date: _____
Site: _____	
<b>Animal units</b>	
1. Animal type _____	3. Number of animals (N) _____
2. Animal weight, lbs (W) _____	4. Animal units, $AU = \frac{W \times N}{1000} =$ _____
<b>Manure volume</b>	
5. Daily volume of daily manure production per AU, $ft^3/AU/day$ (DVM) = _____	7. Total volume of manure production for animal type for treatment period, $ft^3$ $VMD = AU \times DVM \times D =$ _____
6. Treatment period, days (D) = _____	8. Total manure production for treatment period, $ft^3$ (TVM) _____
<b>Wastewater volume</b>	
9. Daily wastewater volume per AU, $ft^3/AU/day$ (DWW) = _____	11. Total wastewater volume for treatment period, $ft^3$ (TWW) _____
10. Total wastewater volume for animal description for treatment period, $ft^3$ $WWD = DWW \times AU \times D =$ _____	
<b>Clean water volume</b>	
12. Clean water added during treatment period, $ft^3$ (CW) _____	
<b>Waste volume</b>	
13. Waste volume for treatment period, $ft^3$ $WV = TVM + TWW + CW =$ _____ + _____ + _____ = _____	
<b>Manure total solids</b>	
14. Daily manure total solids production, $lbs/AU/day$ (MTS) = _____	16. Total manure total solids production, $lbs/day$ (TMTS) = _____
15. Daily manure total solids production for animal type, $lb/day$ $MTSD = MTS \times AU =$ _____	
<b>Manure 5-day biochemical oxygen demand</b>	
17. Daily manure $BOD_5$ production per AU, $lbs/AU/day$ (MBOD) = _____	
18. Daily manure $BOD_5$ production for animal type per day, $lbs/day$ $MBOD = AU \times BOD =$ _____	
19. Total manure production, $lbs/day$ (TMBOD) _____	
<b>Wastewater 5-day biochemical oxygen demand</b>	
20. Daily wastewater $BOD_5$ production, $lbs/1000$ gal (DWBOD) _____ = _____	
21. Total wastewater $BOD_5$ production for animal type, $lbs/day$ $WBOD = \frac{(DWBOD \times TWW \times 7.48)}{D \times 1,000} =$ _____	
22. Total wastewater $BOD_5$ production, $lbs/day$ (TWBOD) _____ = _____	
<b>TOTAL <math>BOD_5</math> (manure and wastewater)</b>	
23. Total daily production, $lbs/day$ $TBOD = TMBOD + TWBOD =$ _____ + _____ = _____	
<b>Minimum treatment surface area</b>	
24. Selected lagoon $BOD_5$ loading rate, $lbs BOD_5/acre$ (BODLR) = _____	25. Minimum treatment surface area, acres $MTA = \frac{TBOD}{BODLR} = \frac{( )}{( )} =$ _____
<b>Sludge volume requirement</b>	
26. Sludge accumulation ratio, $ft^3/lb$ TS (SAR) = _____	28. Sludge volume requirement, $ft^3$ $SV = 365 \times TMTS \times T \times SAR$
27. Sludge accumulation period, years (T) = _____	$= 365 ( ) ( ) ( ) =$ _____
<b>Minimum lagoon volume requirement</b>	
29. Minimum lagoon volume requirements, $ft^3$ $MLVR = SV + WV =$ _____ + _____ = _____	

**Lagoon sizing**

30. Sizing by trial and error:

Side slope ratio, (Z) = \_\_\_\_\_

V must be equal to or greater than MLVR = \_\_\_\_\_ ft<sup>3</sup>

SA must be equal to or greater than MTA = \_\_\_\_\_ acres

Rectangular lagoon:

d must be less than 5 feet

$$SA = \frac{(BL + 2Zd)(BW + 2Zd)}{43,560}$$

$$V = \left( \frac{4 \times Z^2 \times d^3}{3} \right) + (Z \times BL \times d^2) + (Z \times BW \times d^2) + (BW \times BL \times d)$$

Trial no.	Bottom width ft (BW)	Bottom length ft (BL)	Depth* ft (d)	Volume ft <sup>3</sup> (V)	Surface area acres (SA)
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

\* Depth must be adjusted in Step 31

**Depth adjustment**

31. Depth adjustment

Depth, ft (d) ----- \_\_\_\_\_

Add depth of precipitation less evaporation on lagoon surface + \_\_\_\_\_  
(for the treatment period)

Add depth of 25-year, 24-hour storm ----- + \_\_\_\_\_

Add for freeboard (1.0 foot minimum) ----- + \_\_\_\_\_

Final depth ----- \_\_\_\_\_

32. Compute total volume using final depth, ft<sup>3</sup>  
(use equation in step 30) ----- \_\_\_\_\_



## Worksheet 10A-5—Anaerobic digester design

Decisionmaker: _____	Date: _____
Site: _____	
<b>Animal units</b>	
1. Animal type _____	3. Number of animals (N) _____
2. Animal weight, lbs (W) _____	4. Animal units, AU = $\frac{W \times N}{1000}$ = _____
<b>Manure volume</b>	
5. Daily volume of daily manure production per AU, ft <sup>3</sup> /AU/day (DVM) = _____	7. Total daily manure production volume, ft <sup>3</sup> /day (TMP) _____
6. Total volume of daily manure production for animal type, ft <sup>3</sup> /day $MPD = AU \times DVM$ _____	
<b>Manure total solids</b>	
8. Daily manure total solids production, lbs/AU/day (MTS) = _____	10. Total manure total solids production, lbs/day (TMTS) = _____
9. Daily manure total solids production for animal type, lb/day $MTSD = MTS \times AU$ = _____	
<b>Manure volatile solids</b>	
11. Daily manure volatile solids production per AU, lbs/AU/day (MVS) = _____	
12. Daily manure volatile solids production for animal type per day, lbs/day $MVSD = AU \times MVS$ _____	
13. Total manure volatile solids production, lbs/day (TMVS) _____	
<b>Percent solids</b>	<b>Digester feed solid concentration</b>
14. Percent solids, % (PS) $PS = \frac{TMTS \times 100}{TMP \times 62.4} = \frac{( \quad ) \times 100}{( \quad ) \times 62.4} =$ _____	15. Desired digester feed solids concentration, % (DDFSC) = _____
<b>Daily manure inflow</b>	<b>Digester effective volume</b>
16. Daily manure inflow, ft <sup>3</sup> $DMI = \frac{TMTS \times 100}{DDFSC \times 62.4} = \frac{( \quad ) \times 100}{( \quad ) \times 62.4} =$ _____	17. Digester effective volume, ft <sup>3</sup> $DEV = DMI \times 20 = ( \quad ) \times 20$ _____
<b>Digester dimensions</b>	19. Digest width, ft $WI = 2 \times H = 2 \times ( \quad )$ _____
18. Digester depth, ft $H = \left( \frac{DEV}{8} \right)^{0.33} = \left[ \frac{( \quad )}{8} \right]^{0.33} =$ _____	20. Digest length, ft $L = 4 \times H = 4 \times ( \quad )$ _____
<b>Estimated energy production</b>	
21. Biogas per unit (VS), ft <sup>3</sup> /lb (BUVS) _____	23. Estimated energy production BTU/day $EEP = EBP \times 600 = ( \quad ) \times (600)$ _____
22. Estimated biogas production ft <sup>3</sup> /day $EBP = BUVS \times TMVS = ( \quad ) \times ( \quad )$ _____	= _____

# Worksheet 10A-6—Monthly precipitation minus evaporation

Decisionmaker: _____	Date: _____
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Site: \_\_\_\_\_

Annual FWS Evaporation (FWS) = \_\_\_\_\_ inches

Month	Monthly precipitation MP (inches)	Monthly portion of annual evaporation MPAE (percent)	Monthly evaporation ME (inches)*	Monthly precipitation less evaporation MPLE (inches)
January	_____	_____	_____	_____
February	_____	_____	_____	_____
March	_____	_____	_____	_____
April	_____	_____	_____	_____
May	_____	_____	_____	_____
June	_____	_____	_____	_____
July	_____	_____	_____	_____
August	_____	_____	_____	_____
September	_____	_____	_____	_____
October	_____	_____	_____	_____
November	_____	_____	_____	_____
December	_____	_____	_____	_____

\*ME = FWS x MPAE

Storage or treatment period, days (D) = \_\_\_\_\_

months = \_\_\_\_\_

### Critical successive months

Month	Monthly precipitation less evaporation MPLE (inches)	Month	Monthly precipitation less evaporation MPLE (inches)
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
Total	-----		_____